

# The Indianapolis Sentinel.

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INDIANAPOLIS, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,191.

## WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR THURSDAY.—Local rains and partly cloudy weather; winds shifting to north-westerly; higher barometer; slightly cooler.

The season draweth nigh when that small boy will require the annual supply of Shirt Waist. With the advent of warm days the coat is laid aside and the youth of tender years enabled, since the introduction of Star Shirt Waists, to appear in habiliments that conform to sultry weather. At no place in Indiana is there such a display as may be found at the

## WHEN Clothing Store. CATARRH

That pure, sweet, safe and effective American distillation of Witch-Hazel, American Pine, Canada Fir, Marigold and Clover Blossom, called Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh, with one box Catarrh solvent and one Sanford's Improved Inhaler, all in one package, may now be had of all druggists for \$1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

Complete Local and Constitutional Treatment for every form of Catarrh, from a simple Cold or Influenza to loss of smell, Taste and Hearing. Cough, Bronchitis, and Catarrhal Consumption. In every branch.

Clergymen, Vocalists, and Public Speakers without number owe their present usefulness and success to Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh.

Rev. Dr. Wiggin says: "One of the best remedies for Catarrh—say, the best remedy we have found in a lifetime of suffering—is Sanford's Radical Cure. It clears the head and throat so thoroughly that, taken each morning on rising, there are no unpleasant secretions and no disagreeable hawking during the entire day, but an unobstructed clearness of voice and respiratory organs."

Sold by all druggists. Price, \$1.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

**COLLINS' PLASTERS**—Weary sufferer from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Weak and Sore Lungs, Coughs and Colds, Weak Back, Weak Stomach and Bowels, Dyspepsia, Female Weakness, Shooting Pains through the Loins and Neck, these Plasters, Placed over the pit of the Stomach, they prevent and cure Acute Pains, Bilious Colic, Ever Complaints, and protect the system from a miasmatic influence.

## PEARSON'S MUSIC HOUSE,

Still continue the sale of First Class Pianos and Organs at unheard of bargains. No one need be without an instrument at the unequalled prices and easy terms on which they are sold. Call, examine and be convinced. Most complete stock in the State to select from.

19 North Pennsylvania St.

## Bargains! Bargains!

Owing to our removal to our new place of business—30 and 32 North Illinois street—we are offering our entire line of Handicrafts, Lamp, Chandeliers and Lamp Trimmings at greatly reduced prices. These low prices will continue until about the first of May.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves Cleaned and Repaired.

**F. P. SMITH & CO.,**  
37 South Meridian and 35 North Illinois.  
TELEPHONE 707.

## RUBBER CLOTHING

—FOR—

## WET WEATHER.

Boys' Rubber Coats,

\$1.00 to \$2.50

Men's Rubber Coats,

\$1.00 to \$5.00

Men's Luster Rubber Coats, extra length,

\$1.85

Men's Serge Rubber Coats, sold all over

at \$4.00, - \$2.75

## GENERAL NEWS.

**A Special Pensioners' Association With a Straw Ball Incident—Advice to an Office Seeker.**

**Army of the Potomac Reunion—Maxwell Arrested—Digging for the Victims of the Brooklyn Fire.**

### CAPTAIN HAWES.

**His Association With a Straw Ball Incident.**

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The political head of Captain John A. Hawes, once of Indianapolis, long a Special Pension Examiner, dropped in response to a well worded note, in a full, round hand, over the signature of Secretary Lamar, yesterday afternoon. Captain Hawes is as mild a mannered man as one will meet upon his travels, but he is of the number to whom the Hoosier Democrats may say: "I will laugh at your calamity, and mock when your fear cometh." He is associated with a straw ball incident, yet ranking in Democratic memories, as conducting to the election of Senator Ben Harrison and the distress of the Democratic candidates in 1880. But while Captain Hawes is resigned to go (that is a way they are compelled to learn), he claims the ability to show himself guiltless of the charge of having as a notary connived at the release of accused illegal voters. As a compliment to human nature, the Sentinel may chronicle that Captain Hawes strenuously denies complicity in the conspiracy to any degree, and lays the blame upon the broad shoulders of the Slick Six, where certainly it can do no harm.

**Department Clerks Will Always Vote With the Administration.**

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Until there is a marked revolution in human nature, those employed people in Washington will vote with the administration. There are politics in the penal institutions—every convict hold the theory of government held by the pardoning power.

"During the administration of President Johnson," Judge Gooding lately observed, "with great difficulty and large expense to myself, I secured a place here for a young man from my section of country. He was a mugwump, and came to Johnson. Since then four times he has returned to my district, and not only worked against me, but brought corruption funds."

**Be Thankful for Small Favors.**

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—"Young man, go to your room, fall upon your knees and thank the Father of All that you are already provided with a position under the Government. Ask Heaven for strength to deserve and power to appreciate your present good fortune. Learn contentment, and understand that you have no right to importune me for your advancement. I have no time to ask for a friend's promotion. I am exclusively at the service of those persons who are asking for places—persons far less fortunate than yourself." This was Senator Voorhees' advice to a clerk in one of the departments who had petitioned his influence for a still better position.

**Appointed Pension Examiners.**

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Recommended by Congressman Matson, Drs. M. G. Mullinix, F. D. Cox and J. C. Cables were appointed a Board of Pension Examiners for Spencer, Owen County, to-day.

### NATIONAL NOTES.

**Awards Made by the French Commission—Silver Received at the Treasury Department—Etc.**

Secretary Bayard received a telegram to-day from Minister Morton at Paris to the effect that American attorneys having interests in awards made by the late French commission must make regular opposition to the payment of entire awards to claimants, in accordance with French law.

The Treasury Department to-day purchased 300,000 ounces of silver for the New Orleans and Philadelphia mints.

George J. Vest, son of Senator Vest, has been detailed by Secretary Bayard as Consul-General at Liverpool.

It was stated at the Postoffice Department that Postmaster Palmer, of Chicago, was removed for "offensive participation." The Postmaster General said Palmer was an active worker in the recent campaign, and one of those Republicans whose continuance in office was not deemed advisable by the administration.

At today's meeting of the Fish Cultural Association, now known as the American Fisheries Society, Colonel Marshall McDonald, Washington, was chosen President. Spencer Walpole, Governor of the Isle of Man, and ex-Secretary of the Navy Robinson, were elected honorary members.

Treasurer Jordan says the Treasury count is practically over and everything found most satisfactory. Three silver dollars which had escaped from a broken package in the silver vault have been found, so the only discrepancy is the two cents from a live dollar package of pennies in the cash-room. Yesterday a heavy square box, wrapped in red tape and securely bound, was found in an out of a way nook of the vault. The key being mislaid, a locksmith opened the box, and it was found to contain a bottle of diamonds, a bottle of pearls, a bottle of oysters and a lamp of gold.

One of the older employes identified the package as present to President Monroe in about the year 1822 from the Japanese Government, and which had been stored in the Treasury pending the passage of an act of Congress authorizing their acceptance. Congress failed to legislate on the subject and the articles were deposited in the Treasury, where they have remained ever since.

The State Department has not received any protest from the Austrian Government concerning the appointment of Minister Kelley to Vienna. The cable rumor that objection

will be made against him because his wife is a Jewess, finds no credence in administration circles. This Government recognizes no difference between Jew and Gentile. It is also remarked that Mrs. Kelley is not a Jewess except by parentage, as she abjured her religious faith when she married a Catholic.

Commissioner Coleman, recognizing the importance of closer and more intimate association with the different agricultural colleges and other industrial and educational institutions with the Department of Agriculture, has called a convention of representatives of the different agricultural colleges and allied State institutions.

Admiral Joubert informs the Navy Department that everything is quiet on the isthmus of Panama. He says the Colon will sail from Aspinwall for New York to-morrow, and will carry one-half of the marines sent to the isthmus some weeks ago.

The Austrian Minister to this country said to an Associated Press reporter to-night that he had received no communication from the home Government concerning Minister Kelley.

S. Corning Judd, who was today appointed Postmaster at Chicago, is an old friend of Chicago and a prominent member of the Episcopal Church. He is about fifty-five years of age, a lawyer by profession, and was an applicant for the office of Solicitor General of the United States. He has always been identified with the Democratic party, and is at present a member of the Democratic National Committee for the State of Illinois. He has been a member of the Legislature of his State, and was a member of the last State Constitutional Convention.

It is understood that James Blackburn, a brother of Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, was today appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Ashland district.

### REUNION

**Of the Army of the Potomac—Justice Asked for Pitt John Porter—Tribute to General Grant.**

BALTIMORE, May 6.—The eleven corps associations taking part in the reunion of the Army of the Potomac each had a separate place of meeting and spent the morning in organizing and electing officers. Many resolutions were passed, which are to be presented to the general meeting this afternoon for adoption. One asks Congress to take speedy action in carrying out recommendation of the Military Committee looking to the complete vindication of General Pitt John Porter, and another asks that the portion of the civil service law relating to the presence to be given to honorably discharged Union soldiers in the distribution of Federal patronage be strictly enforced. Several of the corps directed that their vote be cast for the re-election of General Grant as Commander. The mention of General Grant's name was everywhere received with enthusiasm, and it seems to be pretty well understood that he will be honored with a re-election. A number of letters were received from distinguished soldiers regretting their inability to be present, and expressing the warmest sentiments of good fellowship.

The proceedings so far have been marked by good feeling. The City Hall has been thronged all morning with veterans who called to pay their respects to the city officials. The general meeting was called to order by Vice President Major General H. J. Hunt, in the absence of the President, General Grant. Considerable time was consumed in reading the minutes of the last reunion, and after nothing had been done toward the election of new officers.

To-night at 8 o'clock a reception will be held at Ford's Opera House. Mayor Lathrop will make the address of welcome; General Pratt, of Brooklyn, will deliver an elaborate address; Major Sprague, of Washington, will recite an original poem pertinent to the occasion, and short speeches will be made by prominent gentlemen.

The business meeting of the Society of the Army of the Potomac was held at Ford's Grand Opera House. The stage was set as a camp. The portraits of General Grant hung in the center of the front gallery. Shields bearing the coats of arms of all the States were placed around both galleries, and from the pillars were hung garlands inscribed with the names of Grant, Burnside, Meade, Sherman, Sheridan, and McClellan. Many distinguished men occupied seats on the stage. General Horatio C. King, corresponding Secretary, called the meeting to order, and owing to deafness General Hunt, senior Vice President, was compelled to do the Chairman's duty most of the time.

General King said he had been commissioned by General Grant to say he was greatly disappointed at not being able to preside over the deliberations of the society, but his sympathy and heart were with his old comrades.

Major General Hunt assumed the chair, with thanks for the cordial reception given him. The reunion of 1880 will be held in San Francisco. General Vandervoort stated the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic would probably be held there next year, and that the California Legislature had appropriated \$25,000 for the entertainment of visitors, provided both organizations came at the same time. Cheap railroad fares were promised and cordial welcome guaranteed.

Nominations for the ensuing year being in order, General John C. Robinson advanced on crutches. He thanked his friends for mention of name for the position of Commander of the Army of the Potomac, but would under no circumstances allow it to be used in opposition to that of the illustrious soldier now holding the position, and he moved the Secretary be authorized to cast one ballot, on which should be inscribed the name of General H. C. Grant. The various corps associations seconded General Robinson's motion, and it was carried by a standing vote amidst the wildest enthusiasm. The other officers were also re-elected.

General W. H. Brown, Washington, suggested that as the R. E. Lee Camp, of Richmond, Va., were in the immediate neighborhood it would be best to generate and graceful to invite them to occupy seats on the floor of the House, and make their acquaintance. A motion to that effect was made and seconded when two or three men jumped up and violently opposed such a proceeding, one of them saying that rebels, no matter how repentant, had no interest in the business of Union soldiers, and that their presence was an insult to which he could not endure.

Nearly every man in the house was instantly on his feet trying to make himself heard, and for awhile there was a scene of confusion which threatened to terminate in a personal encounter. The Chairman vainly endeavored to secure order and threatened

to call the police. Quiet was finally restored and a committee was appointed to invite the ex-Confederates to meet their old opponents after the business meeting was disposed of.

The resolution from the Grand Army of the Republic and Veterans' Union was adopted, asking that the civil service rules referring to the preference that should be given persons honorably discharged from the army or navy in the distribution of offices be strictly enforced. Also, one asking Congress to appropriate sufficient funds for the erection of a statue to Major General Joseph Hooker.

After adjournment the committee appointed to invite the R. E. Lee Camp to seats on the floor, came in, bringing with them a long string of men in gray suits. They were greeted with great applause, and in return filled the house with a genuine Rebel yell. The ex-Confederates were scattered among the blue coats and their officers invited to the stage. Colonel McGinnis, of Montana, welcomed them and Commander General Cooke responded. Short addresses were also made by Colonel Charles Marshall, Chief of General Lee's Staff, and Colonel Evans, of Richmond.

The reception to-night was a brilliant success. Hundreds of ladies were present. On the stage were many men distinguished in military circles. In the audience were the R. E. Lee Camp of ex-Confederates.

General King, Secretary of the society, read the following telegram from General Grant:

Please thank the members of the Society of the Army of the Potomac for their cordiality in selecting me for the second time their President. I wish my health permitted a probability of my being at the next meeting. I would regard it as a privilege should I be able to attend, but I accept the honor, though without the hope of performing the duties of the office. Wishing all members many happy reunions, I remain,

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

Mayor Lathrop welcomed the Veterans in behalf of the veterans of the city. Vice President Hunt returned thanks in the name of the society. He said: "We had a fair, square war, and now we want a fair, square peace. I am here to represent General Grant. I have said enough, and I will try to represent him by being silent."

Major DeWitt C. Sprague delivered an original poem, and General Calvin C. Swank, of New York, delivered an oration. Short addresses were made by Governor Lloyd, of Maryland; General H. W. Slocum, General John F. Hartman, General Horace Porter, and C. A. Bonhannon, an ex-Confederate soldier. The audience was strikingly demonstrative.

### ARREST OF MAXWELL.

**The St. Louis Hotel Murderer in Custody in New Zealand.**

ST. LOUIS, May 6.—Chief of Police Harrigan has received the following cablegram, announcing the arrest of the murderer of Prelar, at 2 o'clock this morning:

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, May 6. Maxwell was arrested yesterday and will give trouble. He has counsel. Send officer, requisition and sworn deposition by the first steamer and advise the Department. Cable me when the officer sails.

Extradition papers were prepared to-day to be sent to Auckland, New Zealand, for W. H. Lennox Maxwell, the Southern Hotel murderer. No agent for the State has yet been appointed to go for Maxwell, there being some doubts as to the manner of appointment. There is no need for hurry, however, as the officer who goes can not leave San Francisco before June 6, when the next Auckland steamer sails.

Chief of Police Harrigan cabled Mr. Gamble, American Consul at Auckland, this afternoon, directing him to hold Maxwell at all hazards until an officer from Missouri arrived. The Police Board have also telegraphed Secretary of State Bayard, notifying him that an officer will leave San Francisco for Maxwell on June 6 and urges Mr. Bayard to communicate with the British Minister at Washington, to see that Maxwell is not released on a technicality until the officer arrives.

### GENERAL GRANT.

**His Condition about as Usual.**

NEW YORK, May 6.—Having been undressed and composed himself in his two chairs at about the usual hours last night, General Grant slept with but few wakings, until between 7 and 8 o'clock this morning. The glacial swelling at the angle of the jaw beneath the right ear was last night very much larger and quite hard. The General is doing no work to-day in the way of dictation or writing, though he may possibly give some attention to the arrangement of data.

When Dr. Baker left General Grant's house this afternoon, where he had been on a visit, he said that the cancer lump on the tongue was no progressing so fast, because the General's system had become stronger. He thought the cancer might run along for several months, but that there could be but one conclusion.

General Grant did no work by dictation to-day, but wrote some. The General tipped the scales at 147 pounds, a gain of one pound in a week.

**Round Over to Court—Live Stock Commission Organized.**

COLUMBUS, O., May 6.—Ex-Representative R. Stillwell, of Ashland County, who was taken to Zanesville on complaint of Mary Wiley, on a charge of seduction, waived examination at that place this afternoon, and was bound over to the court above.

The State Board of Live Stock Commissioners met to-day, and elected J. S. Butler, of Platte, State Veterinary Surgeon, who will examine the pleuro-pneumonia districts of the State with a view of furnishing certificates to dealers, in compliance with the laws of other States.

### Quit Work.

DETROIT, May 6.—The Knights of Labor, in Pingree & Smith's Detroit Shoe Factory, composing the entire force employed, quit to-day, owing to a disagreement with the firm. The strikers demanded the employment of none but Knights of Labor men. No advance is demanded, except in a few cases where extra work is required.

### Church Centennial Celebration.

BOSTON, May 6.—In connection with the opening of the annual diocesan convention, the celebration of the centennial of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this State was brought to an end in Trinity Church this morning by a discourse by Bishop Paddock.

### Government Training Ship.

NORFOLK, Va., May 6.—The Government training ship Nymph, Captain Ernst Von Deich, arrived here to-day from Bremen.

## FROM ACROSS THE SEAS.

**The Recall of Sir Peter Lumsden Creates a General Feeling of Uneasiness and Doubt.**

**And the Government is Sharply Criticized for Its Reticeance Concerning the Afghan Question.**

### ENGLAND HUMILIATED.

**Gladstone Roundly Denounced for His Concessions to Russia.**

LONDON, May 6.—The recall of Sir Peter Lumsden has created a general feeling of uneasiness, as it is expected to have an adverse influence on the patriotism of the natives of India, who will consider his recall a further concession to Russia. The Standard says: "We must count it a piece of good luck if the whole commission is not recalled."

No news is attainable of the appointment of an arbitrator. The King of the Belgians is spoken of in Berlin as the potentate most likely to be chosen. Bismarck has had a long interview with the Emperor of Germany which is supposed to have concerned the Afghan question. This gave rise to the rumor that both England and Russia asked Emperor William to arbitrate for them. The conservative papers think that the delay in finding an arbitrator foreshadows the difficulty of obtaining the consent of the European State to arbitrate.

Despite the semi-official denial of the previous rumors rumors are now current that the Emperors of Russia, Germany and Austria will meet this year.

The Times this morning complains of the reticence and ambiguity of the statements of the Government in regard to the Afghan question. It severely criticizes the action of the Government in recalling Sir Peter Lumsden, as the frontier question will be all settled before he can possibly arrive in London, and that, therefore, any information he may have will be worthless, so far as the negotiations with Russia in London are concerned. The Times also says that the change of purpose of the Amer of Afghanistan has placed the Government in a different position, and that it was time to make him understand that he must strongly garbion Horat, and at least allow the English to superintend the fortification of the place. Even if peace is temporarily secured it would be madness to waste the time thus gained, which at best can be but small.

The Standard, in an editorial, says that the recall of Sir Peter Lumsden completes the picture of English humility. Denmark is willing to act as arbitrator of the dispute between England and Russia, should her services be requested by both these countries.

The Star has issued a decree creating two trans Caspian reserve battalions. A dispatch from Simla to Renter's Telegraph Company says: "It is stated that Sir Peter Lumsden has resigned the position of British Afghan Boundary Commissioner because of his inability to agree with the policy of the Home Government."

The Russian Journal De St. Petersburg says it is pleased to see that the debates in the British Parliament on the Afghan question have averted the military question involved. It declares that the resumed communications between England and Russia have replaced the discussion on the basis of real interest to Russia and England in Central Asia, and expresses the hope that Mr. Gladstone will succeed in appeasing the present English agitation, which has no reasonable cause. Russia, the Journal concludes, awaits the result with the same calmness she has heretofore displayed.

### GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

**Wolesey Sick—The Egyptian Situation.**

SUAKIM, May 6.—General Lord Wolesey is slightly indisposed.

It is believed here that Osman Digna is again collecting an army, but owing to the scarcity of food at his command it can not become sufficiently formidable to call for a British expedition against him.

Toker Arab asks British protection against Osman, and almost all the other tribes are willing to submit if the English will promise to remain in the country and protect them from their vengeance.

**Letter From the Queen—Funeral of Colonel Kennedy.**

LONDON, May 6.—The Queen, through her Private Secretary, Sir H. F. Ponsonby, sent a special letter to the officer at present in command of the Canadian Voyageurs expressing Her Majesty's regret that, owing to the outbreak of smallpox in the ranks, she has been advised that it would not be desirable for the voyagers to go to Windsor Castle to receive her personal thanks for their services in Egypt.

Colonel Kennedy, of the Canadian Voyageurs, who died here, was today buried in Highgate Cemetery. Rev. Mr. Graves, President of the Wesleyan Conference, performed the funeral rites. The body was carried to the grave by eight voyagers, the remainder of the contingent following the coffin. Three volleys of musketry were fired over the grave. The funeral was attended by special representatives of the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's force, and Lord Wolesey. The funeral was very imposing. The firing of volleys over the grave was done by 300 men from the Essex Regiment. The Duke of Cambridge sent a wreath to be placed on the bier. General Wolesey telegraphed a special message of condolence. It is now supposed that Colonel Kennedy contracted the smallpox from which he died in Donkoi.

### Austrian Gali.

LONDON, May 6.—An exchange telegraph dispatch from Vienna states that Baron Von Schaeffer, the Austrian Minister at Washington, has been instructed by his Government to object to the appointment of Mr. Kelley as United States Minister to Austria. It is supposed that the fact of Mrs. Kelley being a Jewess is the basis for the objection, although

nothing definite in regard to the cause of this action of the Austrian Government is known.

### Fight Near Suakim.

SUAKIM, May 6.—A large force of British and Indian troops and friendly natives, under General Graham, marched out at midnight to Tackbol, where they surprised and defeated 400 rebels, killing sixty of them and capturing twelve prisoners and 150 head of cattle. After burning the village they retreated to Suakim, fighting until they had passed Hasheen. The British loss is five wounded.

### Memorial Tablet to General Gordon.

LONDON, May 6.—The following epitaph has been written by Tennyson for the memorial tablet to General Gordon in Westminster Abbey:

Warrior of God, man's friend,  
Not here below, thou livest in  
All men's hearts;  
For all we know  
This earth hath borne  
No simpler, nobler man.

### Coal Dealers To Be Protected.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., May 6.—The government of New South Wales has invited the governments of the other British and Australian colonies to unite with it and indemnify coal dealers in the colonies from all losses sustained by them in refusing to supply coal to the cruisers and other vessels belonging to hostile powers during a period of war or warlike difficulty with England.

### Dismissed From Court.

DUBLIN, May 6.—The action brought by Timothy Harrington, Home Rule member of Parliament, against Police Inspector Carr for ejecting him from the Mallow Railroad Station on the occasion of the visit of the Prince of Wales has been dismissed. Harrington appeals.

### The Six-Penny Telegram Bill.

LONDON, May 6.—The Government will withdraw the bill for the introduction of six-penny telegrams, if the amendment is pushed to have the telegrams include, besides the ten words of message, the full address of the recipient and full signature of the sender.

### Presentation to Minister Lowell.

LONDON, May 6.—The corporation of Worcester to-day presented Mr. Lowell with an illuminated address, bound in blue morocco, expressing regret at his departure from the post of United States Minister to England, and enjoining his literary aid to the Worcester Library.

### A Melancholy Russian.

LENINGRAD, May 6.—It is feared that Count Tolstoy, the Russian Minister of the Interior, who has fallen into a profound state of melancholy, will die. Several celebrated medical experts will hold a consultation on his case.

### Wouldn't Let Him Resign.

MADRID, May 6.—As a result of the municipal election, Senator Romero, the Minister of the Interior, wished to resign, but the Premier objected, saying if he insisted on doing so, the whole Cabinet must resign. Romero then withdrew his resignation.

### Distress on the Nile.

CAIRO, May 6.—The sea has encroached upon the Nile as far up as Rosetta, whose inhabitants are in great distress. Their cattle are dying by hundreds from drinking the salt water, and all fresh water has to be brought to the city many miles by rail.

### Burial of Dr. Nachtigal.

BERLIN, May 6.—A later dispatch about the death of Dr. Nachtigal, the German traveler, says he died on board the German gunboat Mowe, and was buried at Cassan, on the west coast of Africa.

### Revised Version of the Old Testament.

LONDON, May 6.—The revised version of the Old Testament will be given to the public in London on the 19th inst., and will be published in New York on the 21st.

**No Abatement of Warlike Preparations.**

ST. PETERSBURG, May 6.—There is no appearance here of any abatement in warlike preparations. The mobilizing of rifle battalions is still progressing.

### Rev. Donnelly Declines.

ROME, May 6.—Rev. Dr. Donnelly has asked the Pope to permit him to decline his succession to Cardinal McCabe in the Archbishopric of Dublin.

### Defense for the Dardanelles.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 6.—The Turkish Ministry are discussing a system of defense for the Dardanelles proposed by German officers.

### Leaves His Party.

LONDON, May 6.—Baron Brasenourne publicly announces his secession from the Liberal party.

### Working China Coal Mines.

LONDON, May 6.—China is beginning to utilize Europeans for work in her coal mines.

### In Holiday Attire.

SACRAMENTO, May 6.—The city is in complete holiday attire, and business is entirely suspended, to honor Mrs. Margaret E. Crocker for her many acts of public benevolence, the latest of